

THE WEATHER

FOR KENTUCKY—Probably fair Thursday?

HOPKINSVILLE

KENTUCKIAN.

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HOPKINSVILLE KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1914.

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EDITORIAL COMMENTS.

The People Win.

With a unanimity seldom seen in the city, the business men of Hopkinsville Tuesday won a decisive victory for commission government that augurs well for the future. The professional politicians of both parties fought together and fought hard all day, but they were unable to stem the tide of popular opposition to machine politics in the municipal government. A personal appeal was sent out by the business men to every voter in the city and the campaign closed with two big rallies at which speeches were made by prominent men of both parties and both races. The political combine placed workers, white and black, at each poll, but with grim determination, keeping their own counsel, the advocates of reform quietly and persistently sustained every attack and achieved success by 158 majority. In the two heavy colored precincts, where the politicians counted on overwhelming majorities, they were doomed to disappointment. Under the leadership of E. W. Glass, J. T. Whitney, D. S. Stewart, Phil Brown, P. T. Frasier and others, the colored voters held their precincts down to only 93 majority, where 300 was confidently claimed. The election next year will be for two commissioners and the business men will see to it that commissioners are chosen who will take the city government out of the mire of politics and let the people for once control their own business.

Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney sailed yesterday for Europe with four surgeons and fifteen nurses. She will establish at her own expense a large field hospital behind the firing lines in northern France. Mrs. Whitney was formerly Miss Gertrude Vanderbilt.

Patrick Gibbons, aged 103, a veteran of three wars and the oldest pensioner, died in Warren county Tuesday.

Carranza has withdrawn his resignation and will refuse to get out for the man named by Villa's friends.

Hopkinsville is setting the pace. Both Owensboro and Frankfort fell down in the fights for reform.

Gov. Glynn is beaten in New York by Chas. S. Whitman, Republican, by 110,000 plurality.

Mexico has just agreed upon a new president, the seventh in less than four years.

The anti-Hazelip ticket for commissioners in Paducah won by 300 to 500 votes.

The stock law was an easy winner and Christian county has taken another step forward.

The Republicans elect two Congressmen in Kentucky, Langley and Powers.

Ohio defeated both women suffrage and prohibition amendments.

The Democratic majority in the the House may be under 20.

Commission Government lost in Owensboro by 299.

Tennessee Democrats have done themselves proud.

Kentucky is on the right side by 25,000 to 30,000.

DEATHS AT HOSPITAL.

One Patient Had Been Here Forty Years.

Miss Sarah Foqua, a patient at the Western State Hospital from Warren county, died Monday night of exhaustion, aged 75 years. She was received here about forty years ago.

Buck Barker, a patient from Magoffin county, died Tuesday of cerebral trouble, aged 50 years. He was received here eight years ago. Interments in the hospital burying ground.

CARRYING WAR INTO EGYPT AND TURKEY

Great Britain Loses Patience And Declares War On The Treacherous Turks And Bombs Port.

THE GERMANS ABANDON THE COAST.

In The Eastern Arena Russia Is Sustaining Determined Attacks At Two Distant Points.

London, November 4.—Great Britain and Turkey are at war: Germany has recruited an ally in the East.

After twenty-four hours of uncertainty, during which hope was expressed that the Porte might make amends for the incidents in the Black Sea, the British Admiralty announced shortly before 1 o'clock this afternoon that a British warship had been bombed and had destroyed the Turkish barracks at Akabah on the Turco-Egyptian frontier.

It was at Akabah that Turkish cavalry patrols were reported yesterday preparatory to moving into Egypt. There the British found soldiers, apparently under Germans, serving as quasi-Turks much in the same manner as the German officers remain in charge of the cruisers Breslau and Goeben, and British officials say there was no course but to open hostilities.

Turkey's formal entrance into war with the allies—for France cannot but follow Great Britain—came at a time when the Turkish Ambassadors still at London and Paris were uncertain what next was to come.

An apology from the Grand Vizier for Turkish attacks on Russian ports and doubt as to who held the whip hand in the Sultan's Government, together with the attitude of the Balkan States, were factors which, blended, seemed to carry such weight as to make Turkey hesitate.

ROCKEFELLER FOUNDATION

Will Be Used To Relieve Distress In Stricken Belgium.

New York, Nov. 4.—The Rockefeller foundation has determined to employ its immense resources for the relief of non-combatants in the countries afflicted by the war, and stands ready to give "millions of dollars, if necessary," for the purpose. This was announced last night by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., president of the foundation.

The pursuance of this philanthropy the foundation will send a commission to Europe in a few days to report first hand as to how, when and where aid can be rendered most effectively. At a cost of \$275,000 it already has chartered a ship and loaded it with 4,000 tons of provisions for the relief of the starving Belgians.

The ship is the Massapequa, the largest neutral vessel now in New York harbor, and it will sail Tuesday morning direct for Rotterdam with a certification from the British Consul at New York that its cargo is destined for the use of Belgian non-combatants only, and should not be delayed in transit. The supplies are consigned to the American Consul at Rotterdam and will be distributed by the Belgian Relief Commission.

Mr. Rockefeller has been in communication with Ambassador Page at London, and made public a cablegram in which the Ambassador describes the dire need of the Belgians, and says that "it will require a million dollars a month for seven or eight months to prevent starvation."

"In fact," the Ambassador said, "many will starve now, before food can reach them." He added that the British Government forbids the exportation of food, and that none can be bought on the continent.

It was in response to this urgent message and a similar one from H. C. Hoover, of the American Relief

Commission, that the Rockefeller foundation has determined to employ its immense resources for the relief of non-combatants in the countries afflicted by the war, and stands ready to give "millions of dollars, if necessary," for the purpose.

Meanwhile, it is announced that Germany has been pouring officers and men into Turkey. Many of them speak Turkish and will command Turkish detachments equipped with modern weapons, which the Germans are said to have supplied.

The tumult of battle has rolled back from the Belgian coast. After the apparent failure of their fierce assault on the English and Belgian lines around Ypres, the Germans evidently are diverting their attack toward a more southerly point.

STOCK LAW EASY WINNER

Majority For Its Adoption Is About One Thousand Six Hundred.

The County election was an overwhelming victory for the Republicans. Augustus E. Willson for Senator has 1,454 majority over J. C. W. Beckham and Wm. M. Bullitt has a majority of 1,275 over J. N. Camden for the short term. Alvin H. Clark has 1,317 majority over D. H. Kincheloe for Congress, but Kincheloe's majority in the district will be not less than 5,000.

Interest centered largely in the election to prohibit live stock from running at large in the county and the stock law was adopted by a majority of 1,411. The city of Hopkinsville helped largely in giving the country people the same benefits the city has derived for eight years from a stock ordinance. Practically every precinct in the county went for the law except those at Crofton.

The total vote was For Senator Willson, 4,126; Beckham, 2,673; Vance, Prog., 57; Robertson, Soc., 112.

Short Term, Bullitt, 3,973; Camden, 2,697; Nicholas, 42; Seeds, 69. Congress, Clark, 4,044; Kincheloe, 2,727; Chambers, 37; Cullen, 75. Stock Law, for 3,614, against 2,203.

Committee in London, that the foundation decided to send a relief ship "at the earliest possible moment."

Mr. Rockefeller makes clear in his announcement that whatever steps are taken by the foundation in the administration of its relief work will be "absolutely neutral." The commission of investigation will be headed by Wickliffe Rose, director general of the International Health Commission, and will visit the several

DEMOCRATS WIN IN TENN.

But Lose In New York, Where Whitman Defeats Glynn For Governor.

SENATE & HOUSE ALL RIGHT.

Uncle Joe Cannon Comes Into His Own Again In Illinois District.

New York, Nov. 4.—Sweeping republican gains throughout the country, which reached a climax in this state by the overwhelming victory of Charles R. Whitman for governor, and James W. Wadsworth to succeed Elihu Root in the United States Senate, were indicated tonight in early returns of the election.

Heavy falling of the progressive vote in many states, the return to congress of former Speaker Joseph G. Cannon, decisive republican gains in New York and Illinois, in the house membership, and the overwhelming defeat of Representative A. Mitchell Palmer by Senator Boies Penrose in Pennsylvania were features of the early returns.

Democratic leaders, however, were pleased by a triumph in Massachusetts where former Representative Samuel W. McCall was defeated for the governorship by Governor Walsh.

Early returns indicated that the democrats would retain control of congress with approximately no change in the senate majority, but by a decidedly reduced majority in the house.

Senators re-elected as the result of hard battles were: Frank B. Brandegee, republican, of Connecticut, opposed by Gov. Simeon E. Baldwin; Albert B. Cummins, republican, of Iowa, who defeated Representative Maurice Connolly; John Walter Smith, democrat, of Maryland; William J. Stone, democrat, of Missouri; Jacob H. Gallinger, republican, of New Hampshire, who was opposed by Representative E. B. Stevens.

Illinois indications point with practical certainty to the election of Roger Sullivan, democrat to the United States Senate. The returns, complete in Chicago, with estimates on most of the counties, indicated a plurality of 20,000 for Sullivan, while his managers claimed the state by forty or fifty thousand plurality.

Election of sixteen republican congressmen in the state, including the two at large, was claimed by John C. Eversman, secretary of the republican national congressional committee.

Democratic senators in the south were re-elected without difficulty, new senators from southern states chosen being Representative Oscar W. Underwood, of Alabama and Representative Thomas W. Hardwick, of Georgia. Former Governor J. C. W. Beckham, democrat, of Kentucky, was chosen for the long term.

Francis E. McGovern, republican, was elected according to the early returns, to succeed Senator Stephenson, republican from Wisconsin.

Election of State officers resulted in a few turn overs. In New York, Governor Glynn, the democratic candidate for re-election, was defeated decisively by District attorney Whitman, republican. Fredrick M. Davernport, progressive nominee, in support of whose candidacy ex-President Roosevelt devoted most of the campaign, was left far in the rear, his vote being exceeded by that of William Suizer, who was deposed as governor last year.

In Tennessee there was also a change of party control, when Governor Ben W. Hooper, the republican incumbent was defeated by Thomas C. Rye, democrat by 20,000.

In Pennsylvania, where occurred one of the most spirited campaigns, Martin G. Brumbaugh, republican, early took a long lead over Vance McCormick, democrat candidate for governor, who was endorsed by the progressives.

COMMISSION FORM GOVERNMENT WINS

In Hopkinsville In Face of Violent Opposition From Politicians Of Both Parties In The Election Tuesday.

MAJORITY OF 158 IS DECISIVE VICTORY.

C. W. Ducker Elected and Five Others Elected To Council Vacancies By Complimentary Votes—Legal Question Involved.

The proposition to put Hopkinsville under a commission form of government on Dec. 1, 1915, was carried after a hard fight in which the city administration lined up almost solidly against it and a strong faction of the Republican party led by John Feland and Otto Anderson joined in the opposition. The commission advocates were found in all parties and the colored vote was well divided.

The result by precincts in the seven city precincts was as follows:

Commission Government.		
No.	FOR	VS
No. 1	86	150
No. 2	100	141
No. 3	227	87
No. 4	200	125
No. 5	101	70
No. 6	128	59
No. 7	40	92
	882	724
Majority	158	

The name of C. W. Ducker for Councilman from the Second ward appeared on the ballot, having been placed there by petition. No provision was made for filling the other five vacancies in the Council growing out of the increase under the third class charter, from seven to twelve Councilmen. A number of voters believing that all of the vacancies should be filled voted for other citizens for Councilmen, by writing each one name on the space under Mr.

HENDERSON SATURDAY

They Will Play Football Game That Will Be A Royal Combat.

The Barrett Manual Training High School team of Henderson, will be here Saturday to play the Hopkinsville High School team on the local gridiron. The locals have lost only one game this season and they will enter this contest determined to win, although the Henderson team is heavier. Under Coach Whitnall, the locals have attained such speed and skill that only one team met has so far been able to prove formidable. A big crowd should be on hand to cheer them on to victory.

Good Enough For Clarksville.

Clarksville, Tenn., Nov. 2.—The election held in this city to determine whether the present form of a ten-ward council should be retained or instead a four-ward council to work in place of a commission form of government resulted in favor of the present ten-ward system by a vote of 177 majority.

Meagre returns from California showed Governor Hiram Johnson, progressive, leading Frederick, republican, and Curtin, democrat, by a slight margin. The senatorial situation also was in doubt. Representative Joseph R. Knowland, republican; James D. Pheland, democrat, and Francis J. Henry, progressive, all show strength.

In Ohio the prohibition issue was uppermost. In Cleveland and Dayton the

Ducker's name, indicating in what ward the member was being voted for. Enough of these ballots were cast to elect five additional Councilmen if the election is held to be legal. Some of the best lawyers in the city say the people had a right to vote to fill all vacancies as well as one, whether there were nominees on the ballot or not, as the Councilmen are now elected from the city at large, the only restriction being that no ward can have more than two Councilmen.

In the First ward A. D. Noe received several votes and if held to be legal is elected.

In the Second ward G. H. Champlin received 3 votes and M. C. Boyd 2 and if it is legal for the ward to have two Councilmen C. W. Ducker and G. H. Champlin are elected.

In the Third ward W. R. Bowles and N. A. Barnett each received one vote.

In the Fifth ward E. W. Glass received 5 or more votes.

In the Sixth ward E. M. Flack received 4 votes.

In the Seventh ward J. M. Starling received 2 votes and Jno. W. Wicks 1 vote.

Some of the precinct officers failed to certify to the votes cast for any of the Councilmen but there are already enough certified votes to elect A. D. Noe, G. H. Champlin, E. M. Flack, J. M. Starling and E. W. Glass. Mr. Ducker, who is serving by appointment, is of course elected, as he was unopposed.

NIGHTRIDERS IN HOPKINS

Strong Hand Needed Once More To Put Down Lawlessness In Western Kentucky.

Earlington, Ky., Nov. 4.—Threats and depredations on the part of alleged nightriders have turned Hopkins county into an armed camp in the last few weeks.

At Earlington, where the headquarters and stores of the St. Bernard Mining Company are located, two notices have been posted in the past week warning all negroes to leave the mines, under the penalty of death.

At Carbondale the mining company has constructed a blockhouse in the glen, commanding an entrance to the mines, and armed guards are kept on watch all night.

The mine operators, representing companies incorporated in cities inside of Kentucky, are afraid the situation will get away from the local authorities, and are considering seeking the aid of United States officers in order to run down and punish the offenders.

The activities of the band have so far resulted in the death of one Hopkins county citizen, the wounding of five others and the supposed death of one of the gang. The first serious trouble occurred in the latter part of September, when several persons were whipped, but so terrorized were the victims that it was not until lately that they told of their experiences.

In Circuit Court.

In the case of P. T. Fraser, president of the M. & F. College, colored, against the Board of Trustees, tried by Judge Hanbery the first of the week, the court decided against Fraser, dismissing the petition.